



NHS

Cumbria, Northumberland,
Tyne and Wear
NHS Foundation Trust

Panic

Easy read information

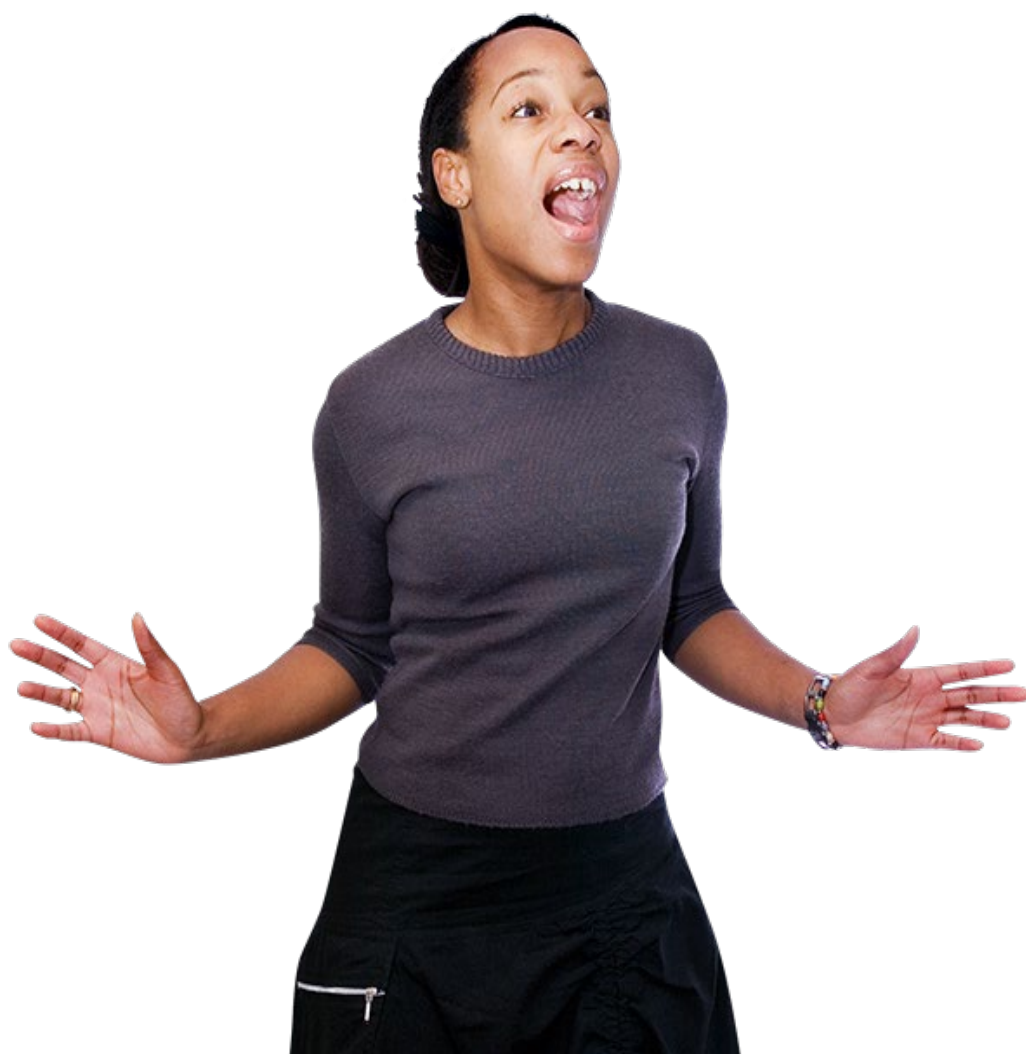


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A member of staff or a carer can support you to read this booklet. They will be able to answer any questions that you have.

How can this guide help me?

This guide will help you to:



Understand what panic means



Know if you are having a panic attack



Understand why people have panic attacks



Realise that panic attacks are not dangerous



Learn what to do to make you feel less panicky

What is panic?

Panic is a strong feeling of fear and anxiety which happens when something you are not expecting takes place. It happens when you are not sure what to do.



Most people feel panic from time to time.

You might feel panic because:

You get off the bus at the wrong stop and you don't know where you are.



You can't find your purse and you think your money has been stolen.

Most people would panic if any of these things happened to them.

What is a panic attack?

Lots of people have panic attacks.

Panic attacks affect your body, your thoughts and your feelings.

During a panic attack:



The feelings are a lot stronger.

The feelings seem to come without any reason.



As the feelings are unexpected and strong they can be very frightening.



You often feel something awful is about to happen when you have a panic attack.

Remember:

- Nothing awful is going to happen.
- **Panic attacks are not dangerous.**
- They do not mean you are ill.

These are some of the things you might feel if you are having a panic attack:



Tick the boxes that are true for you.

Feelings in your body



Heart pounding, beating fast or skipping a beat

Chest pains, your heart seems to stop then start again suddenly

Breathing too fast or you feel you are short of breath and can't breathe

Head pounding

Fingers, toes or lips feel numb or you feel them tingling

You feel sick or you think you can't swallow

You think you are going to faint





Emotions or feelings



You feel very frightened

Nothing feels real

You feel anxious when you are near somewhere you panicked before



Frightening thoughts



You think you are going to have a heart attack

You think you can't breathe

You think you are going to faint

You think you are going to be sick

You think you are choking

You think you are making a fool of yourself

You think, "I've got to get out of here".

Can't breathe	✓
Feel sick	✓
I am choking	✓
Frightened	✓
Going to faint	✓

Lots of ticks mean you might be suffering from panic attacks.

Why do people have panic attacks?

When you have a panic attack you are feeling **fear**. Fear is when you are very scared.

Fear can help you to stay safe when you are really in danger.

The problem with panic attacks is that you are feeling fear when there is nothing really to be scared of.

Why do people start having panic attacks?

- Stress
- When you are ill
- No reason at all

What keeps panic attacks going?

Often people who have panic attacks are not sure what is going on. They may get think they are really ill.

This makes them feel more panic.



Thoughts can make you panic. You might start to worry you are going to panic because it is somewhere you had a panic attack before.



By avoiding things you think will make you panic, you stay scared that you will have another panic attack.

That means you never learn that **panic attacks are not dangerous**.

What can I do to help myself when I am having a panic attack?



Here are some things to try:

Speak to your doctor to check if you are having panic attacks.

Your family doctor is the best person to speak to about learning how you can deal with panic attacks. The doctor will help you to feel more calm and relaxed.



If you are not sure if you are having panic attacks you should talk to your support worker, if you have one.



You could try to:

Breathe more slowly. This might stop you feeling faint or dizzy.



Stop worrying you are ill. Panic does **not** make you ill.



Think about something else. This is called distraction.

Where to get more help

These organisations can give you help and advice:

The logo for Anxiety UK, featuring the words "Anxiety UK" in a dark teal, handwritten-style font.

Anxiety UK

Information and support for people who have anxiety problems.

Telephone: 03444 775 774

Text: 07537 416 905

Email: support@anxietyuk.org.uk

www.anxietyuk.org.uk

The logo for Mind, featuring a blue scribbled circle followed by the word "mind" in a lowercase, blue, sans-serif font.

Mind Infoline

Help, information and support.

Telephone: 0300 123 3393

Email: info@mind.org.uk

www.mind.org.uk

The logo for No Panic, featuring a teal circle with a white hand holding a white telephone receiver. To the right, the text "No Panic" is in a large, bold, teal font, with "Don't suffer alone" and "Pick up the phone" in a smaller, teal font below it.

No Panic

Support for people who suffer from panic attacks, OCD and phobias.

Telephone: 0300 772 9844

www.nopanic.org.uk

The logo for Rethink Mental Illness, featuring a blue circle with the words "Rethink Mental Illness." in white, sans-serif font.

Rethink

Advice and information for people with mental health problems.

Advice Service: 0808 801 0525

Email: advice@rethink.org

www.rethink.org



You can also get help and information from your doctor or nurse.



Easy Read version developed by:

- Skills for People, Telephone: 0191 281 8737
Skills for People is a registered charity no. 1069993
- Many thanks to service users and healthcare staff who have contributed to the development of this guide

Adapted from Panic - A Self Help Guide written by Dr Lesley Maunder and Lorna Cameron
www.cntw.nhs.uk/selfhelp

Further information about the content, reference sources or production of this leaflet can be obtained from the Patient Information Centre. If you would like to tell us what you think about this leaflet please get in touch.

This information can be made available in a range of formats on request (eg Braille, audio, larger print, BSL or other languages). Please contact the Patient Information Centre Tel: 0191 246 7288

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